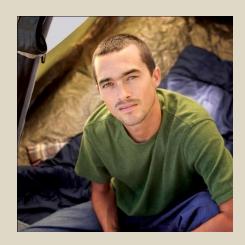


Mohini Venkatesh

National Council for Community Behavioral Healthcare February 9, 2012









The National Council: Serving and Leading

- Represent 1,950 community organizations that provide safety net mental health and substance use treatment services to over six million adults, children and families.
- National voice for legislation, regulations, policies, and practices that protect and expand access to effective mental health and addictions services.







A Population Health Approach

- Need to think differently about health: move from a focus on providing services to a single individual... to measurably improving outcomes for the populations in our communities
- Key strategies/elements:
 - Prevention
 - Care management
 - Partnerships with primary care providers and others in the healthcare system
 - Data collection & continuous quality improvement
 - Clinical accountability



Defining the Healthcare Home



Superb Access to Care



Patient Engagement in Care



Clinical Information Systems



Care Coordination



Team Care



Patient Feed-back



Publicly Available Information

Person-Centered Healthcare Home

New Medicaid State Option for Healthcare Homes

- State plan option allowing Medicaid beneficiaries with or at risk of two or more chronic conditions (including mental illness or substance abuse) to designate a "health home"
- Community mental health organizations are included as eligible providers
- Effective Jan. 2011
- 90% federal match rate for first 8 FY quarters for key clinical and care coordination services



Eligibility Criteria

- To be eligible, individuals must have:
 - Two or more chronic conditions, OR
 - One condition and the risk of developing another, OR
 - At least one serious and persistent mental health condition
- The chronic conditions listed in statute include a mental health condition, a substance abuse disorder, asthma, diabetes, heart disease, and obesity (as evidenced by a BMI of > 25).
- States may add other conditions subject to approval by CMS



Designated Provider Types/Functions

- Provider organizations may work alone or as part of a team
- Functions include (but are not limited to):
 - Providing quality-driven, cost-effective, culturally appropriate, and person-centered care;
 - Coordinating and providing access to high-quality services informed by evidence-based guidelines;
 - Coordinating and providing access to mental health and substance abuse services;
 - Coordinating and providing access to long-term care supports and services.

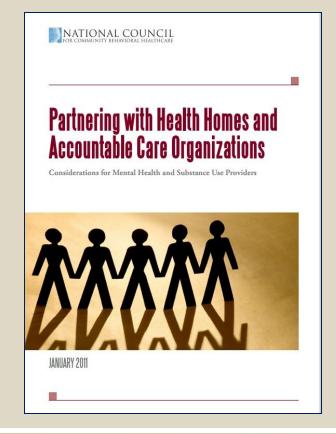
Other ACA Provisions States are Considering

- Essential Health Benefits
 - Federal guidance: HHS Bulletin emphasizes state flexibility
 - Mandatory services can be an opportunity to support primary care – behavioral health integration
- Dual-Eligibles Demonstration
 - 37 states have expressed interest



Partnering with Health Homes and Accountable Care Organizations

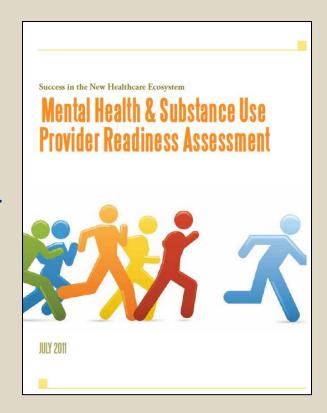
- National Council report
 http://www.thenationalcouncil.org/cs/acos_and_health_homes
- Webinar with Dale Jarvis & Laurie Alexander
 http://www.thenationalcouncil.org/ cs/recordings_presentations
- Live Blogchat
 http://mentalhealthcarereform.org/aco-webchat/





Provider Readiness Assessment

- Describes 23 important competencies and strategies necessary to succeed in the new healthcare ecosystem
- Points to how you can assess and redesign internal operations to better align with healthcare reform and demonstrate to consumers, healthcare providers, and state policymakers that your organization is high-performing, quality-focused, and efficient.





Questions?

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